§51.130

- (2) Receives a therapeutic diet when a nutritional deficiency is identified.
- (k) *Hydration*. The facility management must provide each resident with sufficient fluid intake to maintain proper hydration and health.
- (1) Special needs. The facility management must ensure that residents receive proper treatment and care for the following special services:
 - (1) Injections;
 - (2) Parenteral and enteral fluids;
- (3) Colostomy, ureterostomy, or ileostomy care;
- (4) Tracheostomy care;
- (5) Tracheal suctioning;
- (6) Respiratory care;
- (7) Foot care; and
- (8) Prostheses.
- (m) Unnecessary drugs—(1) General. Each resident's drug regimen must be free from unnecessary drugs. An unnecessary drug is any drug when used:
- (i) In excessive dose (including duplicate drug therapy); or
- (ii) For excessive duration; or
- (iii) Without adequate monitoring; or
- (iv) Without adequate indications for its use; or
- (v) In the presence of adverse consequences which indicate the dose should be reduced or discontinued; or
- (vi) Any combinations of the reasons above.
- (2) Antipsychotic Drugs. Based on a comprehensive assessment of a resident, the facility management must ensure that—
- (i) Residents who have not used antipsychotic drugs are not given these drugs unless antipsychotic drug therapy is necessary to treat a specific condition as diagnosed and documented in the clinical record; and
- (ii) Residents who use antipsychotic drugs receive gradual dose reductions, and behavioral interventions, unless clinically contraindicated, in an effort to discontinue these drugs.
- (n) Medication Errors. The facility management must ensure that—
- (1) Medication errors are identified and reviewed on a timely basis; and

(2) strategies for preventing medication errors and adverse reactions are implemented.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 101, 501, 1710, 1741–1743) (The Office of Management and Budget has approved the information collection requirements in this section under control number 2900–0160)

[65 FR 968, Jan. 6, 2000, as amended at 74 FR 19434, Apr. 29, 2009]

§51.130 Nursing services.

The facility management must provide an organized nursing service with a sufficient number of qualified nursing personnel to meet the total nursing care needs, as determined by resident assessment and individualized comprehensive plans of care, of all patients within the facility 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

- (a) The nursing service must be under the direction of a full-time registered nurse who is currently licensed by the State and has, in writing, administrative authority, responsibility, and accountability for the functions, activities, and training of the nursing services staff.
- (b) The facility management must provide registered nurses 24 hours per day, 7 days per week.
- (c) The director of nursing service must designate a registered nurse as a supervising nurse for each tour of duty.
- (1) Based on the application and results of the case mix and staffing methodology, the director of nursing may serve in a dual role as director and as an onsite-supervising nurse only when the facility has an average daily occupancy of 60 or fewer residents in nursing home.
- (2) Based on the application and results of the case mix and staffing methodology, the evening or night supervising nurse may serve in a dual role as supervising nurse as well as provides direct patient care only when the facility has an average daily occupancy of 60 or fewer residents in nursing home.
- (d) The facility management must provide nursing services to ensure that there is direct care nurse staffing of no less than 2.5 hours per patient per 24 hours, 7 days per week in the portion of any building providing nursing home care.

Department of Veterans Affairs

(e) Nurse staffing must be based on a staffing methodology that applies case mix and is adequate for meeting the standards of this part.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 101, 501, 1710, 1741–1743) (The Office of Management and Budget has approved the information collection requirements in this section under control number 2900–0160)

 $[65~{\rm FR}~968,~{\rm Jan.}~6,~2000,~{\rm as}~{\rm amended}~{\rm at}~74~{\rm FR}~19434,~{\rm Apr.}~29,~2009]$

§51.140 Dietary services.

The facility management must provide each resident with a nourishing, palatable, well-balanced diet that meets the daily nutritional and special dietary needs of each resident.

- (a) Staffing. The facility management must employ a qualified dietitian either full-time, part-time, or on a consultant basis.
- (1) If a dietitian is not employed, the facility management must designate a person to serve as the director of food service who receives at least a monthly scheduled consultation from a qualified dietitian.
- (2) A qualified dietitian is one who is qualified based upon registration by the Commission on Dietetic Registration of the American Dietetic Association
- (b) Sufficient staff. The facility management must employ sufficient support personnel competent to carry out the functions of the dietary service.
- (c) Menus and nutritional adequacy. Menus must—
- (1) Meet the nutritional needs of residents in accordance with the recommended dietary allowances of the Food and Nutrition Board of the National Research Council, National Academy of Sciences;
 - (2) Be prepared in advance; and
- (3) Be followed.
- (d) Food. Each resident receives and the facility provides—
- (1) Food prepared by methods that conserve nutritive value, flavor, and appearance;
- (2) Food that is palatable, attractive, and at the proper temperature;
- (3) Food prepared in a form designed to meet individual needs; and
- (4) Substitutes offered of similar nutritive value to residents who refuse food served.

- (e) Therapeutic diets. Therapeutic diets must be prescribed by the primary care physician.
- (f) Frequency of meals. (1) Each resident receives and the facility provides at least three meals daily, at regular times comparable to normal mealtimes in the community.
- (2) There must be no more than 14 hours between a substantial evening meal and the availability of breakfast the following day, except as provided in (f)(4) of this section.
- (3) The facility staff must offer snacks at bedtime daily.
- (4) When a nourishing snack is provided at bedtime, up to 16 hours may elapse between a substantial evening meal and breakfast the following day.
- (g) Assistive devices. The facility management must provide special eating equipment and utensils for residents who need them.
- (h) Sanitary conditions. The facility must—
- (1) Procure food from sources approved or considered satisfactory by Federal, State, or local authorities;
- (2) Store, prepare, distribute, and serve food under sanitary conditions; and (3) Dispose of garbage and refuse properly.

(Authority: 38 U.S.C. 101, 501, 1710, 1741-1743)

§51.150 Physician services.

- A physician must personally approve in writing a recommendation that an individual be admitted to a facility. Each resident must remain under the care of a physician.
- (a) *Physician supervision*. The facility management must ensure that—
- (1) The medical care of each resident is supervised by a primary care physician;
- (2) Each resident's medical record lists the name of the resident's primary physician, and
- (3) Another physician supervises the medical care of residents when their primary physician is unavailable.
- (b) *Physician visits*. The physician must—
- (1) Review the resident's total program of care, including medications and treatments, at each visit required by paragraph (c) of this section;
- (2) Write, sign, and date progress notes at each visit; and